### Section 1

- Golan Heights
- Wadi
- Tigris River
- Euphrates River
- Jordan River
- Dead Sea

### Section 2

- Rub-al-Khali
- Oasis
- Salt Flat

### Section 3

- Deep Irrigation
- Desalination
- Fossil Water
- Crude Oil
- Refinery

#### Questions: (Write the Questions)

1. What river serves as a boundary between Israel and Jordan? (p. 489)
   
   The _______ River serves as a natural boundary between Israel and Jordan.

2. How did the presence of oil in this region change the region's importance in the global community? (p. 489)
   
   Oil is the region's most abundant _______________. (p.490) Since these fossil fuels run cars and trucks, factories, and power plants all over the world, they provide the major portion of ___________ for nations with __________________ reserves.

3. What are the 2 types of deserts in this region? (p. 491-492)
   
   The two types of deserts in this region are __________ and __________ deserts.

4. What is the most critical resource in Southwest Asia? (p. 495)
   
   Even though oil brings a great deal of money into Southwest Asia, the most critical resource in this dry region is _________________.

5. What are some of the risks in transporting oil? (p. 499)
   
   Moving oil from one location to another always involves the risk of oil __________. Pipelines are carefully monitored for any drop in pressure that might signal a __________ in the line. Ocean-going tankers transporting oil are at a much higher risk for causing ______________.