

<b>World Geography</b>	
<b>Chapter 25</b>	<b>Vocabulary- modified</b>
<b>word</b>	<b>definition</b>
<b>Mughal Empire</b>	
<b>raj</b>	<b>the period of British rule in India, which lasted for nearly 200 years, from 1857 to 1947</b>
<b>nonviolent resistance</b>	<b>a movement that uses all means of protest except violence</b>
<b>land reform</b>	
<b>Green Revolution</b>	
<b>caste system</b>	
<b>Sikhism</b>	<b>a monotheistic religion founded by Guru nanak in the Punjab region</b>
<b>Indus Valley civilization</b>	
<b>partition</b>	
<b>Kashmir</b>	
<b>microcredit</b>	<b>a small loan available to poor entrepreneurs, to help small businesses grow and raise living standards</b>
<b>entrepreneur</b>	<b>a person who starts and builds a business</b>
<b>Ramadan</b>	<b>an Islamic practice of month-long fasting from sunup to sundown</b>
<b>constitutional monarchy</b>	<b>a government in which the ruler's powers are limited by a constitution and the laws of a nation</b>
<b>Sherpa</b>	<b>a person of Tibetan ancestry in Nepal, who serves as the traditional mountain guide of the Mount Everest region</b>

Siddhartha Gautama	<b>the founder of Buddhism and known as the Buddha, born in southern Nepal in the 6th century BC</b>
mandala	
Sinhalese	
Tamils	
sultan	<b>a ruler of a Muslim country</b>